

## GCS EVAAS Tutorial Video Guideline

School Reports		
Report	What it is reporting	Questions to ask...
<p>Decision Dashboard (beginning to 2:40)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Click Reports</i></li> <li>2. <i>Go to School Reports and click on Decision Dashboard</i></li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Growth by subject area and grade level by Achievement Groups</li> <li>• Achievement Groups are based on historical growth and percentiles students perform in.</li> <li>• There are five achievement groups with the 1 achievement group being the low percentile group and the 5 achievement group being the highest percentile group.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Which group do we exceed growth with and in what subject-areas/grade levels?</li> <li>• What groups do we not exceed growth with and in what subject-areas/grade levels?</li> <li>• What groups are just maintaining their growth (Green)?</li> <li>• Where could we collaborate and pull from other grade levels/subject-area teachers to see how they grow particular groups of students to help grow our did not meet growth groups?</li> </ul>
<p>Value Added (2:40-4:17)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Click Reports</i></li> <li>2. <i>Go to School Reports and click on Value Added</i></li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overall Growth by subject-area and grade level for past three years.</li> <li>• To determine growth, the standard error is multiplied by 2 and then a negative and positive range is created using that number. If the index falls within the range, then the subject-area/grade level met growth. If it falls on the outside of the range positively, then the subject-area/grade level exceeds growth. If it falls on the outside of the range negatively, subject-area/grade level does not meet expected growth.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Which grade-levels have exceeded growth consistently over the three year period?</li> <li>• How far in the red are we? Are we coming out of the red, slowly?</li> <li>• Follow a cohort over a two to three year period, how does their growth change?</li> <li>• We are meeting growth, but are we slowing regressing?</li> </ul>

<p><b>Diagnostic</b> (4:20-5:30)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Click on Reports</i></li> <li>2. <i>Go to School Reports and Click on "Diagnostic"</i></li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A more detailed look at growth by each group that was shown on the decision dashboard report.</li> <li>• Click on "Show" and "Pie Chart" to change the chart type.</li> <li>• To determine growth, the standard error is placed as a negative and positive range on a number line. If the index falls within the range, then the subject-area/grade level met growth. If it falls on the outside of the range positively, then the subject-area/grade level exceeds growth. If it falls on the outside of the range negatively, subject-area/grade level does not meet expected growth.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What groups of students do we exceed growth, meet growth and do not meet growth with?</li> <li>• How close are we to meeting growth with our did not meet growth groups based on the positive and negative range created by the standard error?</li> <li>• Did our growth change significantly with a group from past years to last year?</li> </ul>
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<b>Teacher Value-Added Reports</b>		
<b>Report</b>	<b>What it is reporting</b>	<b>Questions to ask...</b>
<p><b>Value Added</b> (5:35-8:30)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click on Reports</li> <li>2. Go to Teacher Effectiveness Reports</li> <li>3. Using your PowerSchool Ten Digit ID number and your EVAAS password, you will be able to login to your teacher reports.</li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Composite Growth (all three years) for each subject area taught.</li> <li>• Click on the subject area to see growth for a particular subject area.</li> <li>• Growth is determined based on the index score and where it falls on the -2 to +2 range.</li> <li>• Index score is the growth measure divided by the standard error.</li> <li>• Growth measure is students' growth calculation for that particular group.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Is the growth a steady increase from one year to the next?</li> <li>• If I am in the does not meet growth range, am I coming out of the does not meet steadily?</li> <li>• How has my growth measure and index changed over time?</li> </ul>
<p><b>Diagnostic</b> (8:35-10:15)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>From the value added report, click on the teacher diagnostic tab.</i></li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Just like the school diagnostic, this breaks down the growth by dividing the students' into three groups. (Low, Middle and High)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What groups of students do I grow well?</li> <li>• Which group do I need to focus more</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Click on “Show” and “Pie Chart” to change the chart type.</li> <li>• To determine growth, the standard error is placed as a negative and positive range on a number line. If the index falls within the range, then the subject-area/grade level met growth. If it falls on the outside of the range positively, then the subject-area/grade level exceeds growth. If it falls on the outside of the range negatively, subject-area/grade level does not meet expected growth.</li> </ul>	<p>attention to in working on growth?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Has growth changed for a group from one year to the next? If so, how did my teaching change or what strategies did I put in place that could be attributed to the change?</li> </ul>
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Review of all reports (10:15-end)